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An inter-chip communication system for the communication of a plurality of N-bit signal groups between a first logic device and a second logic device that are coupled together through an M-bit wide conductive element, comprising:

transmission logic in the first logic device for transmitting any N-bit signal group that changed in value M bits at a time across the M-bit conductive element; and

6 reception logic in the second logic device for receiving the N-bit signal group.

1 2. The inter-chip communication system of claim 1 wherein the transmission logic further comprises:

an event detector for detecting a change in value among the N-bit signal groups and providing an event indication identifying the particular signal group that changed in value.

3. The inter-chip communication system of claim 1, wherein the transmission logic further comprises:

an event detector for each N-bit signal group for detecting a change in value in its associated N-bit signal group and providing an event indication identifying that its N-bit signal group changed in value.

- 1 4. The inter-chip communication system of claim 2, wherein N > M and the transmission
- 2 logic further comprises:
- a packet scheduler for receiving the event indication and dividing the N-bit signal group
- 4 associated with the event indication into M-bit data groups.
- 1 5. The inter-chip communication system of claim 3, wherein N>M and the transmission
- 2 logic further comprises:
- a packet scheduler for each N-bit signal group for receiving the event indication from the

- event detector associated with its N-bit signal group and dividing the N-bit signal group into M-bit data groups.
 - 6. The inter-chip communication system of claim 4, wherein the transmission logic further comprises:
- scan-out logic for selecting the M-bit data groups for transmission across the M-bit conductive element.
- 7. The inter-chip communication system of claim 5, wherein the transmission logic further comprises:
- scan-out logic for selecting the M bit data groups for transmission across the M-bit conductive element.
 - 8. The inter-chip communication system of claim 1, wherein each N-bit signal group is associated with an identifying header, the reception logic further comprising:

header decode unit for receiving the M-bit data groups and determining which N-bit signal group these M-bit data groups belong.

- 9. The inter-chip communication system of claim 5, wherein the packet scheduler is capable of receiving, holding, and passing a token
- 70. The inter-chip communication system of claim 5, wherein the packet scheduler transmits its M-bit data groups when it holds a token.
- 1 11. The inter-chip communication system of claim 10, wherein the packet scheduler holds a
- 2 token. when it receives the token and an event indication.
- 1 12. The inter-chip communication system of claim 10, wherein the packet scheduler passes a
- 2 token, when it receives the token and no event indication has been received.

A data transmission communication system for the transmission of a plurality of N-bit 13. 1 signal groups from a first logic device to a second logic device that are coupled together through 2 an M-bit wide conductive element, comprising: 3 an event detector network for detecting a change in value among the N-bit signal groups 4 and providing an event indication identifying the particular signal group that changed in value; 5 6 and a scheduler for selecting the N-bit signal group that changed in value and scheduling its 7 transmission. 8 The data transmission communication system of claim 13, wherein N>M the scheduler 1 14. divides the N-bit signal group into a plurality of M-bit groups. 15. The data transmission communication system of claim 13, wherein the event detector network includes a plurality of event detectors and each event detector is associated with its own 31. N-bit signal group. ; ; ; ; 1-16. The data transmission communication system of claim 15, wherein the event detector for 2... [][each N-bit signal group detects a change in value in its associated N-bit signal group and provides an event indication identifying that its N-bit signal group changed in value. 3: [ak The data transmission communication system of claim 15, wherein the scheduler includes 17. 1 a plurality of packet schedulers and each packet scheduler is associated with its own N-bit signal 2 3 group. The data transmission communication system of claim 16, wherein the scheduler includes 1 18. a plurality of packet schedulers and each packet scheduler is associated with its own N-bit signal 2 3 group.

- 1 19. The data transmission communication system of claim 18, wherein the plurality of packet
- 2 schedulers decides among themselves which N-bit signal group to transmit.
- The data transmission communication system of claim 19, wherein N>M and each packet scheduler receives the event indication and divides the N-bit signal group associated with the event indication into M-bit data groups.
 - 1 21. The data transmission communication system of claim 19, wherein the plurality of packet
 - 2 schedulers passes tokens to each other and depending on which packet scheduler receives an event
 - 3 indication, each packet scheduler holds the token or passes the token.
 - The data transmission communication system of claim 19, wherein the packet scheduler transmits its M-bit data groups when it holds a token.
 - 23. The data transmission communication system of claim 20, wherein the packet scheduler transmits its M-bit data groups when it holds a token.

 - 1 25. The data transmission communication system of claim 19, wherein the packet scheduler
 - 2 passes a token. when it receives/the token and no event indication has been received.
 - 1 26. A method of scheduling the transmission of a packet from a first logic device to a second
 - 2 logic device across an M-bit/wide connection, the packet selected from a plurality of N-bit signal
 - 3 groups, comprising steps:

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- 4 detecting a change/in value among the N-bit signal groups;
- selecting the changed N-bit signal group for transmission;
- 6 processing the N-bit signal group into a transmission data group; and

transmitting the transmission data group across the M-bit wide connection. 7 1 27. The method of claim 26, wherein N > M and the step of processing further comprises: 2 dividing the N-bit signal groups into M-bit data groups, wherein the transmission data 3 group comprises the M-bit data groups. 28. The method of claim 26, wherein the step of selecting further comprises: 1 2 identifying the N-bit signal group that experienced the change in value; and 3 determining when the N-bit signal group should be transmitted. 29 The method of claim 27, wherein the step of transmitting includes: transmitting the transmission data group by transmitting, M bits at a time, each M-bit data group. 100 125 30. The method of claim 28, wherein the step of determining includes: determining whether the identified N-Wit signal group currently has a token; and 2.5 3 scheduling the transmission of the identified N-bit signal group if it has the token.